The returns reported from all the countles make yov. Fenton's majority 14,571. Majorities for Governor, partly estimated. Oneida 1,279 Oneida 3,517 Outario . . . 1,750 Orange 650 Cattarangus ... 2,370 Orleans...... 1,481 4/ayoga ... 3,653 Chaotauqua ... 4,900 Otsego 551 Rensselaer.... 2,060 Chemang..... 1,585 63 St. Lawrence... 7,456 Clinton...... 63 Columbia.... 276 Cortland 1,842 St. Lawrence. 7,450 Saratoga 1,883 Schunectady 482 Schuyler 700 Steuben 2,400 Suffolk 511 Tioga 1,187 Tompkins 1,500 Delaware Dutchess . . . 1,249 Essez . . . 1,170 Franklin 1,000 Warren 586 Washington... 2,936 Herkimer..... 1,347 Wayne...... 1,966 Wyoming 1,806 derson 2,884 Lewis. 538 Lavingston ... 1,407 Madison ... 2,400 Monoe. ... 1,764 730 Total........77,842 Niegara 730 | MAJORITIES FO OR HOFFMAN. Erla..... 746 Schoharie 1,600 Seneca 298 Sullivan 538 Graene..... 310 Hamilton..... Ulster...... 366 *Westchester.. 772 Hoffman's total.63,281 Rockfand 414 Fenton's maj. 14,561

ELECTION INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.

Official.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF CANVASSERS.

The Board of County Canvessers, which is composed of the members of the Board of Supervisors, met yesterday at most to commence the official canvass of the late election. Supervisor Bleakley was chosen Chairman, and the Departy County Clerk, Col. Toone, acted as Clerk. The Forth and Sixth Wards were called through, but pring to inaccumence in the Third, Forth and Seventh Districts of the Fourth Ward, and the Third and Sixth United the Control of the Sixth Ward, to correct which the Canvassers of those Districts were ordered to be present today, no results were arrived at, except in the Sixth Ward on the State ticket and Constitution. The official footings are a follows:

Constitution

Constitution

St. Francis

So. Texas.

St. Geneviere.

St. Treas.

Washington.

ILLINOIS.

Habitation

**The following give report from all the counties except in the Sixth Ward, to correct which the counties not yet heard from may reduce to about 58,000. There was no general election in 1865. Lincoln's majority, in 1864, was 30,736. At the election for State Treasurer, in 1862, the Democrats had a majority of 6,462s.

Constitution

**Constit

* Official.

The Board organized yesterday afternoon as a Board of Canvassers, and referred the returns to a Committee for examination. The Board will meet again to-day. OFFICIAL RETURNS OF WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

		ERSON.	Addition to	
	Fenton.	Hoffman.	Woodford.	
Balbel	473	384		- 38
#Sections		710	E31	46
Mant Chiester		503,	420	196
Chromalicangle		700	538	60
Blarriste		71	85	
Leswisherweigh	200	86		1.8
Managara		103		. 10
Marchania		1074	535	100
Mt Plorent		438	346	41
Namousto		149	257	14
Naw-limitalle		351		3
North Caule	105	198	ALCOHOLD MERCH	1
SAULTH CAMPIGNORS	Day	79		- 5
Notils Salem		500		
Destroy		43074		- 7
Pelitan		93	146	33
Boond Rulge		134		- 3
Typ.		345		- 0
Boatadale		37		
Sometis	xx-xx 257	134		24
Westchorler		338		131
West Parms		513		54 69
White Plants.	137	210	160	- 13
Youkers	841	849	849	.84
Yorkitaria	223	256	223	4
	-		57400	RE
Total	7521	8293	7000	810
OFFICAT	VOTE OF	OTTERNS O	OUNTY.	
CFFICAL	ANIE OF	VERNOR.	- CIPIT	con-
		The Woods	Woodford	Proper
		41011111911	131	- 00
Janes	9. 925	317	000	31
Section 1	400	dicere	1-1-646	100

North Remputeada... 3611

The following is the vote for State Prison Inspector and | Pery -frapector State Prison-Time found. Gal aguer. 3542 4538 Wright's maj. The following is the vote on Congressmen:

. 73 180 . 192 912 . 217 146 . 183 955 . 258 278 . 85 94 . 95 151 300 N'th Hempstead. 1. 91 Oyster Bay 1 Totals 3,611 4,574 The following is the vote for Assembly: | Skillman's maj.... 447 | Wilson's maj..... 446 | Scattering 7 The following is the vote on the Constitutional Amend-

For the amendment, 3,494; against the amendment, 4,206;

rendoned advenue and amounted the		
OFFICIAL VOTE OF ALBANY		
Вер.	Dem.	Ma
Governor	11,320	21
Lieut -(invernor	11,387	- 5
Canal Commissioner	11.271	130
Varposter of State Prisons	11,261	34
	11,034	25
Congress	11.020	1
-County Treasurer		70
Bezziona	11,955	- 3
Coroner	11,015	73
Assembly. Ist District 3,160	2:551	
Hd District 3,113	32,549	
1fld District 3.341	3.432	
IVth District 2,433	2.141	- 00
Tot Thinks & Tot Thinks & Total	1,197	
School Commissioner, 1st District. 1,356		***
IId District. 900	1,004	
IIId District.*2,647	2,678	***
ON THE CONSTITUTIONAL AM. For Constitution.		
Secretary and the second secon	THE RESERVE ASSESSMENT	-

45,610 mal . Except VIIIth District, Watervliet, which will elect Quay, the Union candidate.

† Except VIIIth District, Watervillet, which will increase the employing to 5,700.

ASSEMBLY.

It appears, after all, that Stephen Baker (Rep.) has been elected in Putnam instead of Lewis H. Gregory (Dem.) There is likely, however, to be some controversy about the matter. The Putnam Free Press explains it as follows:

"It was first reported that the vote for Baker and Gregory was a lie in Southeast. Since then we are informed that six votes given for S. Baker in that town were disallowed to Staphen Baker. This is in violation of the rule and practice of the State Beard of Canyassers. Votes given in that manner and under the circumstances of this case are always allowed by that Board when it is shown that there is no person in the district whose Christian and family names can be so spelled and abbourtated. If there were two or more persons of the same name in the district, then there might be a doubt for whom the voters casting such beliefs then there is no other man in this County but Stephen Baker who can or does so abbreviate his haue. If allowed, those six votes would elect Col. Baker. They were intended for him, and no one else, and should, to carry out the intention of the voters, be allowed to him.

This makes the next Assembly stand 45 Democrats to 88 Republicans, a Democratic gain of 6.

NEW-JERSEY.

HUDSON COUNTY. The Hudson County official returns give Gilchrist 697 majority, and Newark City gives Halsey 1,630, making Mr. Halsey's majority in the Vth District 933.

MISSOURI. ATTRMPT TO DEFEAT VAN HORN'S ELECTION-NOELL'S MAJORITY 40-FRANK BLAIR'S ELECTION.

St. Louis, Nov. 13. -A bold trick has been resorted to in Clinton County to defeat the election of Van Horn in the Vith District. Clinton gave him 145 majority. Judge Birch, his opponent, living there, has induced the Conser-Valive canvassers to reject the vote of every township but 949 on the ground that the officers of election failed to | killed

take the test oath. The single township thus permitted to control the whole County returns Conservative majority enough to endauger Van Horn's election, and to elect the Conservative County ticket.

To-day the Hon. Sam Knox appeared before the St. Louis Board of Canvassers and claimed that the votes cast in the Seventh Ward after sunset should be counted, because the polls were not closed, but voting proceeded continuously, though the ballots were placed in a separate box. If this claim is allowed Frank Blair will be defeated by 50 majority, and an additional Radical Senator go to the Legislature.

Legislature.
Additional returns added to former ones give the following footing: Radicals, 47,443; Conservatives, 30,922.
Noeli has about 40 majority in the HIId District.
MAJORITIES ON THE STATE TICKET.
The following are the majorities on State ticket, in the Counties heard from. The Radical majority is about

tounties heard from. The	Radicat majority is about
12,000.	
REPUB	Lafavette 26
Andrew 882	
Bates 30	The state of the s
Benton 250	
Buchanan 150	Livingston 203
Caldwell 990	Macon 275
Cass	Madison 42
Christian	Marion 286
Charle 935	Montgomery 264
Cliston 135	Monitean 242
Cole 141	Morgan 25
Contier	New-Madrid 30
Davless	Perry 150
De Kalb 189	Pettis 205
Franklin 318	Platte 50
Gaseonade 478	Polk
Greene 678	Putnam
Grundy 749	Ray 80
Henry 212	Scott 48
Holt 714	Scotland 116
Iron 75	Shelby 267
Jackson 22	St. Charles 400
Jefferson 16	St. Louis 320
Johnson 510	Warren 500
Lien 319	With training the property of the contract of
CONNER	CATTUR
Amirain 35 1	Monroe 75
Boone 408	Maries 150
	New-Madrid 550
	Pike
	Phelps 15
	Palaski 65
	A MINISTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY
Dent 10	Abstract
Howard 807	Trustinitation and the second
Jackson 250	
Jefferson 150	ATTLE BEALDMAN CONTRACTOR
Lafayetta 200	TARY WE CARRIED AND A SOLUTION OF THE PARTY
Liucoln 25	・ 本月条件内をベルクスカーラマンカファイン・ (2000)
Mulison	Washington 23
Mindasippi 400	

In 1860, Lincols	Congauss .	Dem.	PRESIDE	Dem.
Counties.	Logsn.	Dickey.	Lincoln.	Dem. McClel
Adams		500	3496	450
Adams		325		E8.
Alexander	*6773			713
Bond	95494			941
Boone	a	*330		1319
Brown		*********		1738
Bureau	40001 4304			56
Calhoun	******		m.4 11114	44
Carroll	-111-4-4001	******		124
Cass	****** ****		West 11 av	113
Champaign	3900	******		160
Christian		*****		200
Clark		100		
Clay		*********		100
Clinton	******	2		116
Coles		********	2:10	155
Cook		*******	18067	435
Crawford		*******	Bina	137
Comberland		********	501	113
De Kalb		*******		74
Do Witt		*********	1271	100
Douglas		********	993	7.7
Da Page		*******		27
Edgar		10100000		183
Edwards	PRINCIPLE STATE	*******	(23/3	33
Effingham		*403		192
Emigram		200		168
Fayetta		*********	And the same	2.5
Ford		*********	200 HARRY	87
Franklin	****** ****			309
Fulton	1000 100	273		60
Gallatin				994
Greene		********	M. Miller	77
Grundy		********	Control of the Administration of the Control of the	114
Hamilton	****** ****	******		999
Hanowok		*********	2000	211
	******	35	14 25-1 45-	
Henderson	334			87
Henry	1600	********		141
Iroquois		900		84
Jackson		150		1:20
Jasper	*****	*******	5.17	900
Jefferson		*******	G40	146
Jersoy		.442	617	154
Jo Daviess	*TROS	********	4 9317	172
Johnson	542		1230	38
Kana.			4270	3.485
Kankakoa		*******	2113	-56
Kendell		******		420
Knox		********		166
		********		87
Lake		*********	2000	431
La Salle		*******	The same	95
Lawrence		*******		117
Les	1459			110
Lavingston	1650		Almos a	137
Logan		*******	A Constitution	151
Macon	*607	********	1827	1/320

774. 150....

189,496 WISCONSIN.

ongress:	166		864. Dem. msj.
istricts. Condidates. Rep. me)		nep. maj.	nem maj.
I. Paine 4000	*******	4493	****
IIHopkins 5500	*******	CLID	****
III. Cobb 5500	WARREN TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF		4631
IV. Eidridge	2000	Christs &	
V. Sawyer 4000	*******	6813	****
VI. Washburne 8000	********	. 0013	
Total27,000	9.000	20.957	4.631
2.000	-	4.631	Alcone
op maj in the six		4,000	
Districts 25,000		16,326	
	-		
MAR	YLAND.		

The only State officer elected in Maryland this year is Controller of the Treasury. The following table gives the rote for the candidates for this office, and also that on the

Allegany	2,092	2,410	2,013	1,351
Anne Arundel	1.440	160	1,425	90
Bottimore City	8.513	7,493	8,984	3.788
Baltimore County	3,602	2,019	5.142	263
Calvert	500 m	mj	4111	****
Caroling	956	569	976	94
Carroll		781 maj.		
Cegit	2.015	1,721	2,334	141
Charles	631	4	10000	1
Dorchester	1,008 n	ral.	****	10000
Frederick	3,041	3.744	2000	
Hartford	1,994	1.156	1000	1000
Howard	815	480	793	122
Kent	1,078	959	-	200
Montgomery		inj est	01353	****
Prince George's	853	157	1.033	149
Queene Anne's	1,171	159	1.202	65
Somerset		467	1,856	189
St. Mary's	1.012	18	994	7
Talbot		363	1,325	744
Washington		705 maj.	THE PARTY.	
Worcester	- 84L	251	1,986	110
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW	10000	The state of the s	21000	17.170
_ Total	35,757	22,861	****	
Leonard's unjority.	12,896.			10000
Townsend, independ		didate for C	ontroller	received
out 1.600 votes.				

NEYADA.

The following are the State officers elected in Nevada, at the recent election—all Republicans:

Goernor—H. G. Blasdell.

Lieutenant-Goernor—James S. Slingerland.

Congressman—D. H. Ashley.

Supreme Judge—J. F. Lowis.

Clerk Supreme Couct—A. Helin.

Atterney General—R. M. Clarke.

Secretary of State—C. N. Noteware.

State Treasurer—E. Rhoades.

State Controller—W. K. Parkinson

Superintendent Public Instruction—Rev. A. N. Fisher,

Surveyor-General—S. H. Mariette.

State Printer—J. F. Eckloy. NEVADA.

SHOOTING AFFRAY AT BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13.—Last night several men, thilst under the influence of liquer, got up a disturbance at a rinking-house, when a man named Nelson, lately from Newforth, was shot by a man named Derby, and almost bestantly liked.

POLITICAL.

PENNSYLVANIA. THE PENNSYLVANIA SENATORSHIP.

CHAMPERSBURGE, Pa., Nov. 13.—The Franklin County Republican Convention met to-day, and nominated Gov. Curtin for United States Senator. The vote was 73 for Curtin, 2 for Stevens and 1 for Cameron. The Convention was largely attended and harmonious.

ALABAMA. THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE-HIS VIEWS ON THE CONSTI-

TUTIONAL AMENDMENT. MODILE, Ala., Nov. 13.—The Governor's Message was published this morning. The only portion of general interest is that in relation to the Constitutional Amend-

terest is that in relation to the Constitutional Amendment. After reviewing the whole subject, the Governor saves:

I am decidedly of the opinion that this Amendment should not be radified. The first section embedies a principle dangerious to the liberties of the people of the whole country, and is as applicable to New-York and Massachnesetts as to Alabama. The third section would bring no practical good to the represented to states, while it would reduce those unrepresented to utter anarchy and ruin. We are sincerely desirons of a complete restoration of the Union. We want conciliatory harmony and national tranquility. We feel that we have given every evidence of an honest purpose to conform in good faith to the condition of things surrounding us. Alabama is as true to-day to the Constitution, laws, and General Government as any State of the Union. Under the Internal Revenue law tax on cotton the people of the State are now paying a revenue to the Government of nearly \$10,000,000 a year. In the enactment of these laws we have had no voice. The amendment was proposed when nearly one third of the States were unrepresented, and all its harsh features are aimed at the States thus excluded. The ratification of such an amendment, under such circumstances, cannot accomplish any good to the country, and might bring irretrievable disaster.

GEORGIA.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Gs., Nov. 13.—The Senate passed the bill extending the time, under the relief act, for the payment of the first instalment of one-fourth of the debts to the 1st of January, 1868; to apply the benefits of the bill to stay all judgments on claims incurred up to 1st of June,

See,

The House passed a bill to provide an agricultural colege for the State under the Loan Serip act of Congress.

TENNESSEE.

A QUORUM IN THE LEGISLATURE.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 13.—There are fifty-six Representatives, exactly a quorum, present in the House to-day. Four new members were afterward sworn in, when adjournment was made until to-morrow, on account of the decease of W. B. Lewis, friend and associate of Andrew Jackson. A quorum is expected in the Senate to-morrow.

SHALL THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY DIE OR LIVE

From The Chicago Times, Nov. 12. The present is a crisis in the Democratic party which has no precedent in its history, as it is a crisis in the progress of the country which is also without precedent. Never

no precedent in its history, as it is a crisis in the progress of the country which is also without precedent. Never before has the Democratic party encountered events ao seriously affecting its future vitality as now. Not that it beholds itself diminished in the magnitude of its numbers—for it is numerically stronger than it has ever been before—but that having been beaten on a great national issue, as to which it believed itself to be wholly right and the opposition wholly wrong, and still so believes, it must nevertheless abendon that issue—for the decision of it is final—and either sit down in helpless and decaying inactivity, or strike boldly out upon a new line, selected with peculiar reference, not to things as we would have them, but to things as they actually are, and in pursuing which line it shall cease to be a hold-back or "conservative" party, and become what it was in its palmy days, a progressive and aggressive party. Those are the alternatives.

It will not sit down in helpless and decaying inactivity. What, then, shall the new line be? In the first place, must we not cut loose from the Administration of Andrew Johnson, and leave that hybrid converse to fout on the sea of public contempt into which it some time since extered, and from which no power can rescue it? Is not the late defeat attributable more largely to this Administration than to all other causes combined? What is there in its composition to command popular confidence! Who, belonging to it, is entitled, by reason of his antecedents or of his statestanship, to the confidence or the respect of the Democratic party! Certainly is not Andrew Johnson, nor Wm. H. Seward, nor Edwin M. Stanton. True, this Administration had a right policy, and the Democratic party in overlooking the chief men comprising it, and thanking only of the rightfulness of the policy, displayed a partiotism whose purity was never excelled; but the policy having failed—and having failed, too, through the feedenats and folly and offenses against public propriety of the

don the dead body, longer addresses to stack it dead also to stack?

What next? Can the Democratic party succeed until the Negro question and plants C. Street, Peter Patterson, Robert Cassells, Bogh C. Barwick and I foliag Howard, as large the Negro question and plants of the way?

If the Negro question and the quickers way for get inevitable, and is not the quickers way to get the Negro question out of the way?

If a mod Negro is the Negro question and of the way?

If a mod Negro is the Negro question of the way?

If a mod Negro question of the way to do once conceil the saffing making occurred to the saffing making occurred to the saffing making occurred in the proposition of Negro suffrage in any degree, but let us tell them that it is always wise to accept the inevitable when the inevitable comes. Negro suffrage we say, is inevitable, and whether it shall be qualified or universal depends upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with reforence to it. The South will specially yield qualified agers and frage upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with reforence to it. The South will specially yield qualified agers and frage upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with reforence to it. The South will specially yield qualified or universal depends upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with reforence to it. The South will specially yield qualified or universal depends upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with reforence to it. The South will specially yield qualified or universal depends upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with reforence to it. The South will specially yield qualified or universal depends upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with reforence to it. The South will specially yield qualified or universal depends upon the motion of the Democratic party shall more with which all form this port to day.

Associately the Massack Alassack and shared a second and vines of children. Nov. I...

Becaused from the theme of R if she does not stready see, that if she do not yield it, she will ultimately be compelled to accept universal negro

suffrage.

Qualified negro-suffrage yielded by the South—and by
this we mean impartial supplies, or suffrage dependent Qualified necro-suffrage yielded by the South—and by this we mean imparitial supprace, or suffrage dependent upon the intelligence of the man, irrespective of color, we now the rule in Massachisachis—the nation of color, we now the rule in Massachisachis—the nation of pristing will have been disposed or, and the country can once more twin to those material questions of public polery, the right disposition of which is so essential to the public prosperity. It will be upon these questions that the Democratic party will triumph, and it will be by this triumph that Constitutional Government and our Federal system will be preserved.

If the South be wise, it will not wait, on this suffrage question, even for the motion of the Democratic party. If it be wise, it will lose no time in putting in motion the necessary machinery by which it will at the same time save fiself from humiliation, preserve its own self-respect, rid the country of the most vexations question that ever distracted any country, kill the worst political party that ever evisted on the globe, and put the Union in the way of speedy restoration. This machiney consists, of course, in conventions to revise the State constitutions.

EFFECT OF THE COURSE OF THE CRICAGO TIMES ON

EFFECT OF THE COURSE OF THE CHICAGO TIMES ON THE DEMOCRACY.

BI TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The attempts of The Chicago Times to commit the Democracy of the North-West, of which it has hitherto been the organ, to negro suffrage, is meeting with strong resistance by the rank and file, although the leaders sustain the paper in its course. The agitation promises to be one of the most bitter ever known in Democratic history.

COLORADO.

GOV. CUMMINGS IN DEFENSE OF HIS ACTION IN COLO-RADO IN THE RECENT CONTESTED ELECTION CASE. From The Philadelphia Press.

The following letter of Gov. Cummings of Colorado, to a personal friend in this city, is cheerfully published. The charges against that gentlemen were so grave that his de-fense will be read with interest:

DENVER, Oct. 28, 1866.

DEAN SIR: I am quite obliged for your inquiries in relation to the issue of the certificate of election to the Congressional dele-

DEAR SIR: I am quite obliged for your inquiries in relation to the issue of the certificate of election to the Congressional delegate from this Territory. The inquiry is, perhaps, not wholly unnatural, yet I confess I am somewhat surprised that it should be necessary among those to whom I am well known. That the Eastern papers should have given credence to the outrageous scandals which have been sent from here in relation to this mutter, without only sort of evidence upon which to base the allegations, seems to me utterly inexplicable.

You will, perhaps, be surprised when I tell you that in all which has been published in regard to my action there is scarcely one word of truth; indeed, none at all, except the simple fact that I gave the certificate to Mr. Hunt. I fide give him the certificate. It was his right to have it; he was fairly elected by a majority of the legal votes; he was entitled to it, no matter what his polities were, and I gave it to him because I could not do else without delug a wrong to the public will of the Territory, as well as to Mr. Hunt personally. It is the old story of wrong dowrs, when exposed and folled, becoming accusers to hide their own guitt.

The law of Congress requires that "the Governor shall issue the certificate to the person having the highest number of votes," thus giving to the Governor the absointe control of the question, requiring him to decide is and holding him accountable for the proper discharge of his duty. There is also, established by Territorial law, a Board of Canvasser, consisting of the Secretary of the Territory, the Auditor, and the Treasurer, who together with the Governor, canvass the returns for Territorial way, a Board of Canvasser, consisting of the Secretary of the Territory, the Auditor, and the Treasurer, who together with the Governor, canvass the returns for Territory. Two of the Board of Canvassers not only dissented, but claimed to be the board, pretended to have control over the whole question, and by sanctioning the throwing out of a large

That party politics had anything to do with my decision, or that any other consideration governed me, wave only the fact that Mr. Haut had a majority of the votes, and was entitled to the optificate, is utterly and obsolutely matture, and without the

alightest foundation of any kimi whatever, and when the question comes before the Committee on Elections in the House of Representatives, the case will be perfectly clear, as I have stated it to you.

Among the allegations it is said that I telegraphed to Mr. Doolittle that Mr. Hout was elected, and that I gave the certificate subsequently to sustain my statement. I never telegraphed Mr. Doolittle on the subject, as he will readily state to any one who thinks it worth willet to sak him. Nor do I know, to this hour, who did send that dispatch. I never heard of it mill I read it in the newspapers. I was not here during the election, nor for some time after, and in my action in the case I, was governed solely upon my judgment of papers as they were presented to me, deciding upon it as I believe any honest man nost have done.

You will naturally ask why such a fabrication should have

was governed solely upon my judgment of papers as they were presented to me, deciding upon it as I believe any honest man wast have done.

You will naturally ask why such a fabrication should have been made, and why the question could not have been satisfactorily referred to the Committee of Elections in the House of Representatives, where, '?! had done a wrong, or even made a mistake, it was sure to be corrected!

The answer is a simple one, and I may as well make it here. A large majority of the people of the Territory—at least two-thirds, perhaps three-fourths—are opposed to the admission of Colorado into the Union as a state. When the question was abmitted to them under a law of Congress, they decided, by three to one, against it, but a faction, who desired to have the State Government in their hands, determined to thwart the public will, and by a movement without law contrived last year a should state government and presented it to Congress for admission, assuring that body that there was a large population, from 50,000 to 60,000, in the Territory, and that they very meanimously were in favor of the admission.

The Legislature, at its last session, ordered a census to be taken, to show trainfully the population of the Perritory. The returns are nearly all in, and the result is a population of about 25,000. This is so much smaller than the lowest estimate made to Congress by the parties desiring the admission, that the publication is regarded by them as fatal to their scheme. Mr. Hunt ran as the anti-State condidate; Mr. Chilcott was requested both as State and anti-State, according to the feeling in the different logelities. But he is certainly friendly to the admission, and it was to secure the influence of Mr. Chilcott was requested and construct these chamorous ites.

Soon after I came here I was asked to write to the President,

damorous lies.
Soon after I came here I was asked to write to the President

clamorous lies.

Soon after I came here I was asked to write to the President, saying that the present State movement was cordially acquiseced in by the people. But the evidence to the contrary was so overwhelming, it was so clearly demonstrated to me that the whole thing was bogus, and contrary to the wish of the vasts majority, that I declined to write the letter. From that time to this I have been the object of most unscrapilous attacks from the newspapers controlled by the small faction who expect the offices and patronage of the State if admitted.

It is not a matter of the smallest moment to me personally whether the State is admitted or not; but it is of grave consequence that the people of the United States should not be deceived into the belief that there are from 50,000 to 60,000 people here desiring a State government, when in fact the population is not more than half that number, and against whose will an attempt is being made to force a State government upon them.

No better evidence of the baseness of the character of this faction and their proceedings need be cited than is maraded in Time Turius article to which you refer, which oponly states that violence was threatened and my assassination contemplated, but that "better connects presented." The last statement is as false as any. The bisoely-ninded malice of the unit whose designs I frustrated, was equal to any violence that could be softly committed. But it was not that better connects prevailed." The last statement is as false as any. The bisoely-ninded malice of the unit whose designs I frustrated, was equal to any violence that could be softly committed. But it was not that better connects prevailed. The last statement is as false as any. The bisoely-ninded malice of the unit whose designs I frustrated, was equal to any violence that could be softly committed. But it was not that better connects prevailed in one whose designs are also as all the form of the most stringent and of fictent laws regulating clactions upon the statuto books of Pen

CANADA.

THE GOLD EXCITEMENT-DEPARTURE OF THE GANA-DIAN COMMISSIONERS-THE QUEBEG SUFFERERS.

BELLEVILLE, C. W., Nov. 13.—The excitement regarding the gold discoveries in Madoc is still increasing.

Large numbers of people continue to arrive, and nearly every person returning brings specimens of the precious metal. Another spot has been discovered where good specimens are found.

BY TRLAGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNA.

MONTHEAD, C. E., NOV. 13—The Hon. Messis. Car-tier and Chaviesa left last evening for England, via New-York. A large crowd was assembled at the depot and cheered them on their departure. The Hon. Messis. How-land and McDonald leave by the next steamer.

land and McDonald leave by the next steamer.

QUEBEC, Nov. 13.—Great good is expected to result from
the Queen's letter and donation to the sufferers by the late
fire. In regard to future subscriptions the Relief Committee have recommonded that there be immediately distributed ten dollars each to over three thousand families,
in view of the rapid approach of Winter. Resolutions
have been adopted expressing gratitude for the aid sent by
the Lower Provinces. Weather fine.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA.

ST TRIBURARY IN THE TRIBURA.

TOTONYO, C. W., Nov. 13.—A meeting of the shareboiders of the Bank of Upper Canada took piece to-day.

olders of the Bank of Upper Canada took place to-day. The directors submitted a report to the shareholders, in The directors submitted a report to the shareholders, in which they say, after mature consideration, and acting by advice and with the consent of the Government, your directors have executed, under the sent of the bank, a deed of assignment, appointing the following gentlemen to wind up affairs of the bank, wiz.

Thomas C. Street, Peter Patterson, Robert Cassells, Hight, Barwick and Polog Howard, eags.

Your Directors are of opinion that under careful and indictous management a counsiderable surplus will ultimately remain for division among the shareholders after the whole liabilities of the bank have been paid.

men of war, the number of armed ships of various nationalities was thirteen.

Gen Van Valkenburg, the American Minister, had reached Yedda with a guard of knoor consisting of all the marines of the soundron. The Admiral says in this connection that the English Minister is accompanied whomever be appears in public at Yedda, by a giantle of the Binglish solders, and that the French Minister has a guard of more than 100 French instructions business it finished, he shall dispatch the Wachmett to Hong Kong—her previous destination.

No information had been received of the movements and whereabouts of the Shemandeah. The storeship Supply was at Hong Kong, where she was discharging a part of her stores. The health of the erew on the Hartford continued guest. The sick list on board the Wachmett to the received the Shemandeah and whereabouts are she was discharging a part of her stores. The breakth of the erew on the Hartford continued guest. The sick list on board the Wachmett is Yokohams from 44 to 15 cases. The crow of the Wachmett rapidly regained their health after leaving the Yang Tze liver. The Admiral communicates to the Navy Department some particulars as to lits codperation with the British ment commander on the coast of China for the suppression of the pirates. The total number of junks destroyed was 21 carrying, in the aggregate, 70 guas. About 90 of the parates were killed, and the others were captured after a severe contlint.

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

ARRESTS BY THE PREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

r relectable to the friedra.

Louisville, Nov. 13.—Edward Craigmile and John M. Connolly were arrested in Gallatin County some days since under the Civil Rights bill, by the Freedman s Bureau, and were turned over to the United States Court to day and hold in \$2,000 each to answer at the next term of the Court.

BOSTON.

COLORED SEAMAN CONVICTED OF MURDER-INJUNC-TION IN PAVOR OF THE UNION PAPER COLLAR COMPANY GRANTED.

TREEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—The trial of James Brown, a lored seaman, for the nurrier of James Foster on learn the bark thanks. It May hast, resulted this afternoon in a verdict of guilty.

The suit in the United States Court, brought by the Union Paper Collar Company against Charles Weil & Co. for intrigement of letters patent by selling unicensed paper collars, has been decided the defendants submitting to a decree for a perpetual injunction.

MARINE DISASTERS.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—While coming up the harbor this morning the steamer Zodiac, from Philadelphia, ran into and sunk the fishing schooner Mary J. Yates of Boston. The crew were taken off before she went down and brought to Boston on

the steamer.

BY VELSCAPE TO THE TRIBUNE.

NORFOLK, Vo., Nov. I3.—The ship Enoch Train,
Capt. Lane, from Philadelphia, with coal to U.S. Naval Station, Mare Island, California, experienced a heavy gale on the
5th, 6th and 7th Instant. While on the outer edge of the Gulf
Stream on the 6th instant, Cape Heary bearing about W. N.

W., a heavy sea struck the ship on her starboard bow, starting
the cutwater, wood-ends and stem. The Captain then went to
work to lighten the ship by throwing part of the cargo overboard. She arrived in Hampton Roads to day for repairs, leaking very builty.

MARYLAND HORSE FAIR.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13.—The Horse Fair opened to Baltimore, Nov. 10.—1482 day at Herring Run. There was a fall attendance, including many ladies. The trial of speed to-day was for Maryland horses, and there were two entries, the first of six horses, which was won by Ned Forrest. Time, 2:36. The second entry was of three horses, and was won by Sleepy Davy. Time, 2:37. Gen. Grant will be present at the first to-morrow, on which occasion the famous horse Dexter will be brought out.

POSTPONEMENT OF A BOAT RACE.

POUGHKERPSIE, Nov. 13.—The boat-race which was announced to come of here to day between Gilbert Ward of Cornwall and Wm. Stevens of Poughkeepsie, has been postponed until to morrow in consequence of the rough state of the weather. THANKSGIVING IN RHODE ISLAND.

FRIGHTFUL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

AN EXPRESS TRAIN THROWN OFF THE TRACK BY CARE LESS LABORERS-FOUR PERSONS KILLED AND FORTY WOUNDED.

ERIE, PA., Nov. 13.—One of the most terrible railroad secidents which has ever occurred in this section of coun-

try, took place on the Buffalo and Erie Ruiroad this afteroon, at about 4 o'clock.

A geng of workmen had been employed in repairing the

track about a mile east of Wesleyville, and had removed

A gang of workmen had been employed in repairing the track about a mile east of Westeyville, and had removed two rails in so doing.

Although fully aware that the New-York express train was due, they took no precaution to warm the train, which came on at the speed of 30 miles per hour on the down grade. When within a few rods one of the workmen ran back and swung his hat, but was either unperceived by the engineer or it was too late. The next moment the engine struck the track, and the engineer, who took in the situation at the same instant, reversed the locomotive.

The train was instantly thrown from the track down the embankment, a distance of some 10 or 15 feet, breaking some of the cars into splinters, and piling them with the passengers into a confused heap. For a time the excitement was so great that very little help was rendered. The cries of the wounded and the certainty that some had been killed outright seemed to momentarily benumb the faculties of those who had excepted without injury.

After a short time of indecision the passengers who were sole, together with the workmen, applied themselves to the work of removing the debris and rescuing those who ware buried beneath it.

Four dead bodies were taken from the wreck—three men and a child. The child's mother was also taken out so severely injured that there is no probability of her surviving. Some 40 or 50, perhaps more, were wounded, most of them slightly.

As some as word reached this city, two cars were sent down for the wounded, a portion of whom, together with the dead, were brought here and placed in the depot. The care were again dispatched, and brouget up the remainder of the wounded and passengors, reaching here about 8 o'clock in the svening. The bodies were placed in the Succerintendent's soom, at the western end of the depot, and were visited by hundreds of excited and curious aspectators. The scene was a sad one.

The names of the dead, as far as I am able to learn, were as follows: Dr. Whoeler of Miwankee, and his little grand-child, a

The causes which led to the accident were those of the grossest and most criminal carelessess on the part of the workmen, every one of whom, and chiefly the boss of the gang, should be indieded for murder.

There is no excuse for them; they knew the train to be day and did not take the precention to send back a flag to stop it or resort to any other means to prevent the terrible catastrophe which must have been evident would happen. No blame is attached to the engineer or conductor in charge of the train.

The following is a list of some of the most severely wounded.

wounded.

Mr. M. Brown of Rochester bruised about the head and breast. His son, aged if or in has his right foot badly sprained. Francis Moran from Austin, head cut.
Prancis Rounce from New York, very badly hart about the head, supposed squaration of the frontal bone.

W. B. Grafton from Worthington, Ohlo, scalp cut and right foot severely strained.

John Calceson, Muracy, Ind., collar-bone broken and side inured.

bert Lynch, New York, scalp out and face badly mu-Mangaret Gerrynote, Rochester, injured in hand, her little om hal his scalp ent. One geoffeman, name unknown, had, his right arm injured. Charles Rochestel. Plymouth, Rich County, Ohio, had his log

BURNING OF A STEAMER OF THE MISSISSIPPI-TWO LIVES LOST. The steamer Henry Von Phul, from St. Louis for New Orleans, with 3,500 bales of cotton on board, was burned above Donaldsonville, and two lives less:

NEW-YORK JUVENILE ASYLUM.

At the monthly meeting of the Directors of the remile Asylum, the following report was made for the month of October, 1895.

Number of children remaining in the House of Reception, Oct.

Oct.

Committed by magbirates.

Surrendered by garents and friends.

39 Total.

Sent to the Asylum
Sent to the Joues of Refuge.
Indextree Discharged by magistrates and committee.

sul General for Italy Gen. N. Wilkinson, Wheeling, West Va. and General for Pair Gen. S. Whitman, Whening, West Va. Erra Cornell, Ithaea, and Capt. Morton of the steamship Gen. Barnes, at the Metropolitan, Gen. G. B. Wright, Ohio, Gen. J. S. Whitmay Boaton, and Cob. J. M. Wilson, U. S. Engineer Corps, at the St. Nicholas, the Hon. Geo. H. Pendleten, Ohio, the New York Hotel Adjutant Gen. Irvine, Albany, C. T. Lerman, Ohic and the Hon T. G. Appleton, Boston, at the Hoffman House: Gen. H. L. Cake, Pn., the Hon. E. B. Morgan, Aurora, the Hen. J. F. Babecck, New Haven, Gen. T. W. Sweeney, Philadelphia, Homer Ramschil, Newburgh, and the Rev. Dr. J. Q. Mombert and family of Luncaster, Pa., at the

An Inventor Pronounces It the Best. Mr. ALBERT II. Hook of the City of New York, a mechan-ful engineer and inventor of Sawing Machine improvements stated in his extensistion, under oath, in a recent case pending before the Commissioner of Patents, us follows: "I consider the GROVEN & BARRA SZWING MACHINE the best machine for general use. It is simple, and on that account it commends itself to families particularly. The seam made by that machine is more durable than the shuttle effect mechine on account of its elasticity. It is essier men' aged than a shuttle mechine as the threads are taken to the neelles oges to an a shattle maintime, at the threats are taken to the needless directly from the spools, and the their tensions are less difficult to adjust, and I make it a point to recommend the Guovan & Baxun Macritim when my advice is requested, which is often the case, as many people are acquainted with the fact that I invented and patented Sowing Machine.

Aster House.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE. DAILY TRIBUNE. \$10 per annum: \$5 for six months. SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Mail subscribers, single copt, 1 year—52 numbers. \$2.00
Mail subscribers, club of five 9.00
Ten copies, addressed to names of subscribers 17 50
Twenty copies, addressed to names of subscribers 34 60
Ten copies, to one address
Twenty copies, to one address 30 00 An extra copy will be sent for each club of ten.
Aldress THE TRIBUNE, New-York.

MARRIED.

MARKIED.

BINSSE-STEARNS-ON Testay, Nov. 13. by the Rev. Dr. Tyng, at Calvary Church, Edward Binsse to Annie, daughter of the late Joseph Rotchum Stearns, all of this city.

EBBETS-FEERON-On Menday, Nov. 12. at the Biscockerst. Church, by the Rev. Dr. Chapin, Mr. Joseph P. Ebbets to Miss Mary C. Ferdon, all of this city. No cards.

STEIN-FERDON-On Monday, Nov. 12, at the Biscockerst. Church by the Rev. Dr. Chapin, Mr. William H. Stein to Miss Frances L. Ferdon, all of this city. No cards. WOOD-FERDON-On Monday, Nov. 12, at the Bleecker-et. Church, by the Rev. Dr. Chapte, Mr. George W. Wood to Miss Margaret N. Ferdon, all of this city. No cards.

DIED.

BARRETT-At Bedford, Westchester County, on Monday, Nov. 13, Deborah, relict of the late Joseph Barrett, in the 88th year of her Deborah, resist of the lare young parties, in the cashives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to strend her funeral from her late residence, on Wednesday, the 14th inst, at 2 p. m. Carriages will be in waiting on the arrival of the 11 a. m. train from Twenty-statist.

BELL-On Monday, Nov. 12, at 4; a. m., Emmie, youngest child of John and Frances Emily Rell.

Funeral from the residence of her parents. No. 136 West Twenty-second-st., on Wednesday, the 14th inst., at 1 p. m. The friends of the family are respectfully invited.

BLOODGOOD—At Flushing, on Tuesday, Nov. 13, Mary, widow of Francis Bloodgood, aged 54 years.
Foneral from the residence of William Stebbins, jr., on Thursday morning, 19th inst., at 10; o'clock. Trains from Hunter's Peint connect with the 9 o'clock boats from James's Silp and Thirty-fourth-st.

fourth-st.

BARBER.—On Monday, the 12th inst., effect a lingering illness, Dr.
John Barber, in the 23d year of his age.

Relatives and filends are respectfully invited to attend his function of the control of the con day afternoon, at 3½ o'clock.

GARRETTSON—At his residence, Cliffon Point, Rhinebeck, on Munday, Nov. 12, Freeborn Garrettson, in the 74th year of his age. Funcat survices from the Methodiat Episcopal Church, Rhinebeck, Thursday, Nuv. 15, at 2 µ m. The resistives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice. The remains will be taken to Greenmount Cemetery, Bajtimore, for interesting.

Battimore papers bigas cont.

JONES—On Tuesday, Nov. 13, after a short linear, in the 19th year of his age, Daniel B., son of Alice Jones.
The resultives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to utend the formers acrysces from the late readsonce, No. 213 West O'CONNO. Andrea short lilmess, on Atonday, Nov. 12, 1866. Ann Justice, with other three properties of the control of the co

Special Notices.

In Nature's Grand Cathedral Flowers are the censers, but their fragrance is brief; that of PHA-

LON'S NIGHT-SLOOMING CEREUS outlasts the seasons-It laughs at time. Exposure to the air adds to its delicacy, but it does not obliggate it. It can only be drowned out with soap and water.

To Capitalists:::

VALUABLE MINING PROPERTY NEAR HOME, FOR SALE,
The undersigned offers for safe the MINES, REAL ESTATE,
MILLS, MAGHINERY AND APPERTENANCES of an extension
and valuable KAGLIN OR CHINA CLAY WORKS, should in.
New-Castle County, Delaware.
The property is studied about three miles from the line of the Balrimoro Central Railroad, 33 miles south west from Philadelphia, about
three miles from the town of Kennet-square, Penneylvania, and in
covenient distance to water communication from Wilmington, Oct.,
with both of which places it is in daily public communication by
United States mail coaches. It is, to fact, surrounded with all the
sourverinces incident to a very old and highly civilized community.
The Mines are, literally, inexhaustible, and are, perhaps, the richard
in the known world—the quality of the product, according to the
analysis and reports of the chemists of the United States mint, and of
Professor G. P. Williams, is superior to any found in either England
or America, and will fully equal the finest french or Austrian Prosing Clays.

The Ware made from this Clay is of the finest character, and can be
made to so closely inities the choicest Franch work that detection is
aimost impossible.

For Paper Makers' use it stands in the highest favor, and is soorted.

Eparemi.

For immediately commencing and prosecuting the business, all the Port immediately commencing and prosecuting the business. Respectively, the processory Mills, Furnaces, Kills, Presser, Tempering Machines, Kengen, Drying Pans, Backe, vist, Fixtures, Machinary, Wegans, Carts, Tools, &c., &c., are on the place in good order and of the most substantial construction. The other improvements on the property comprise a Dwelling House, a large Brick Boarding House for the men, a large Stable, Barro, Office, and Wagon-House,

The present capacity of the Works is about twelve (12) tuns perday, on which, under proper management.

The present espects of the Works is about twelve (12) tuns per day, on which, under proper management.

A PROFIT OF VULLY TWO HINDRED (200) PER CENT CAN BE REALIZED.

while the demand for the products not only constant and growing, but urgent and shows boundless.

The Works are capable of being extended to many times their prosent expucity, and of being run both day and night.

At present the China Cisy used by American manufacturers is almost exclusively foreign. Under efficient management every tun of China Cisy sent from these mines into market is almost certain to not the above bandsome return.

ALL THAT IS REQUIRED IS CAP, TAL.

With a sufficient amount of money to work these mines to their finites expect, it is possible to bands all foreign competition.

Maps, samples of Cisy, samples of Ware, Analysis, Reports, &c., will be furnished, and every information cheerfully communicated.

Title indispotable.

Note.—The present cost of the above Clay at Works, including every expense, a less than time deliars (69) per tun. All that can be mined will communit ready one at thirty deliars (439) per tun.

will be given by Gen. CLINTON B. FINE, in the Congressional, Church Spath Ninth-st., Williamsbergh, on WEDNESDAY EVEN-ING, Nov. 14, at 8 of clocks. Subject - Education and Religious Wants of the South.

Ions and Israella GRAPE VINES. THE TWO BEST IN CULTIVATION FOR EVERY PURPOSS.
BOTH VERY EARLY, AND ISRAELLA THE EARLIEST OF ALL.
The IONA is the only native grape of good size for the table that is

The IONA is the only native gape to adjust to the savial to the best foreign kinds.

In hardiness, constancy of production and perfect ripeutog of fruit it is unequiated ny any of our most hardy natives.

It is the only unexceptionable grape for the family. DELAWARK IN EXCELLENT. IONA is equal in all respects and unon partial. in several very important points.

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is cutting the first year.
It is the owny Nation Guapz whose fruit is eagerly sought for at

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WHAT IS IT! HOW CURED!

Thousands of persons suffer all sorts of smooyance from Catarrh.
Most people know what its inconvenience and results are, we but
few know how it can be cared. It is simply a chronic irritation, and
often entarguarant of folicities and consequent thickening of the uncous
membrane, fining the mass cavities, freetal sinuses, and someclines
extending into the threat and lung. From this result lightness, and
often vestige of the head, obstructed nose, or a profuse flow of smooth,
least of smeel, used voice, and often impaired bearing and caste.

The old-school remedies have never been able to do snything for it.
Nassi injectious and missisfous are as pairful and expensive as they
are generally worthless. Yet HUMPHREYS SCATARRH SPECIF.

(It, a simple eners pill, taken use or three times per day, promptly
cures the milei-reases; cures at once all colds us his head, and radically cares, by persevuing use, the most obstinate cases, as is proved
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S. C., JACKSONVILLE and St. Account of the places in the vicinity of the above.

Now is the time for Fathers, Mothers, and Relatives of our fallers braves to seemre their last resting place in the vicinity of their friends and the home of their birth. Address all orders to LANGLEY, FULLER & LANGLEY, Beaufort, S. C. Beaufort, S. C.

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OF THE LATEST STYLES, CONSISTING OF
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All Goodswarranted.

Sewing-Machines.

Positively the only place in the City where you can find all kinds of NEW SEWING-MACHINES, at manufacturers' prices, and where you can exchange any time within thirty days for any other Machine without extra charge if not satisfied.

SIBLEY & STOOPS,

the inspection of the public and in the inspection of the public deficients compared to gight varieties.

£. S. L. J. TORRIEY, sole manufacturers. No. 73 Maiden Lane, N. T. E. S. L. J. TORRIEY, sole manufacturers. No. 73 Maiden Lane, N. T. E. S. L. J. TORRIEY, sole manufacturers. No. 74 Maiden Lane, N. T. Gray's Hair Reactorative, acknowledged to be the best in use, is not a dys. Soid by DAY 'HOAGLAND & STIGER, proprietors, No. 54 Coortlandsets, and by Druggists generally.

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Clothes Wringers of all kinds REPAIRED by the BALLEY WASHING AND WRINGING MACHINE COMPANY. No. 55.

No. 643 Broadway, Corner of Bloocker at A Perfect Weather Strip. After a series of experiments and continued improvements for the last 10 years, we have just introduced a Weather Strip entirely nove in its construction and decidedly more affective tian all others; in fact, we claim to have reached perfection in this article. We invite the inspection of the public as to its decided superiority. Hustrated

HERMETICALLY SEALED CASKETS. From BEAUFORT, HILTON HEAD, and MORRIS ISLAND, S. C., JACKSONVILLE and ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., and from all